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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/702,373	11/05/2003	Hiroshi Kanno	60202(49381)	8448
21874 EDWARDS A	7590 06/20/2007 NGELL PALMER & DOD	EXAMINER		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/702,373	KANNO, HIROSHI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Suman Debnath	2135				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realiure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from 1, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04/03	<u>3/2007</u> .					
, —	·					
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
O) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
,		•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	•					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Claims 1-21 are pending in this application.
- 2. Claims 1-3 and 8 are presently amended.
- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office Action.

Claim Objections

4. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 1 recites "an operator" in line 8 and in line 13. It is unclear if both the limitations are same.

Appropriate correction and/or clarification is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 5. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Naofumi (Pub. No.: 2001-045192).
- 6. As to claim 19, Naofumi discloses a terminal apparatus connected to a scanner in a manner permitting communications so as to transmit an operation instruction for causing said scanner to read a document image ([0017], lines 2-4), comprising: fingerprint information reading means for reading a fingerprint information of an operator ([0019], lines 2-3); fingerprint information storing means for temporarily storing the fingerprint information read by said fingerprint information reading means ([0019], lines

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2-5); fingerprint information collating means for collating a fingerprint information acquired by said scanner with the fingerprint information read by said fingerprint information reading means by means of communications with said scanner ([0028], lines 1-4 and [0017], lines 3-5); and operation permitting means for permitting the operation of said scanner in response to the inputted operation instruction on the basis of the result of collation in said fingerprint information collating means ([0028], lines 1-6).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. Claim 1-18, 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Naofumi in view of Takahashi (Pub. No.: US 2001/0016912 A1).
- 8. As to claim 1, Naofumi discloses an image processing system including: a scanner for reading a document image ([0017], line 3); and a terminal apparatus connected to said scanner in a manner permitting communications so as to transmit an operation instruction to said scanner ([0017], lines 2-4), wherein said scanner comprises: first fingerprint information reading means for reading fingerprint information of an operator ([0019], lines 2-3); and first fingerprint information storing means for storing temporarily the fingerprint information read by said first fingerprint information reading means ([0019], lines 2-5); and fingerprint information collating means for collating the fingerprint information stored in said first fingerprint information storing means with the fingerprint information read by said second fingerprint information reading means by means of communications between said scanner and said terminal apparatus ([0028], lines 1-4 and [0017], lines 3-5); and operation permitting means for

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permitting the operation of said scanner in response to the operation instruction inputted through said terminal apparatus on the basis of the result of collation in said fingerprint information collating means are provided either in said scanner or in said terminal apparatus, or alternatively any one of said fingerprint information collating means and said operation permitting means is provided in said scanner ([0028], lines 1-6).

Naofumi doesn't explicitly disclose terminal apparatus comprises: second fingerprint information reading means for reading second fingerprint information of an operator; and second fingerprint information storing means for storing temporarily the second fingerprint information read by said second fingerprint information reading means; Any one of said fingerprint information collating means and said operation permitting means is provided in the terminal apparatus.

However, Takahashi discloses terminal apparatus (FIG. 1) comprises: second fingerprint information reading means for reading the fingerprint information of an operator (FIG. 1, [0044], lines 8-13); and second fingerprint information storing means for storing temporarily the fingerprint information read by said second fingerprint information reading means (FIG. 1, [0044], lines 19-23 and [0009], lines 14-15); Any one of said fingerprint information collating means and said operation permitting means is provided in the terminal apparatus (FIG. 3, [0045], lines 20-27).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Naofumi by including a method for reading fingerprint information by terminal apparatus as taught by Takahashi in order to "prevent"

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the loss, stain, and information leakage of print results when the operator does not collect the print results immediately (Takahashi, [0002], lines 13-18)". Furthermore, one would be motivated to do so in order to maintain the security of the transferred data over the communication network, which could be intercepted by any unauthorized user to view.

9. As to claim 16, Naofumi discloses a scanner connected to a terminal apparatus in a manner permitting communications so as to receive an operation instruction for reading a document image ([0017], lines 2-4), comprising: fingerprint information reading means for reading a fingerprint information of an operator ([0019], lines 2-3); fingerprint information storing means for temporarily storing the fingerprint information read by said fingerprint information reading means ([0019], lines 2-5); fingerprint information collating means for collating the fingerprint information read by said fingerprint information reading and terminal apparatus by means of communications with said terminal apparatus ([0028], lines 1-4 and [0017], lines 3-5); and operation permitting means for permitting the operation in response to the operation instruction on the basis of the result of collation by said fingerprint information collating means ([0028], lines 1-6).

Naofumi doesn't explicitly disclose fingerprint information reading means with fingerprint information acquired by the terminal apparatus; Permitting the operation in response to the operation instruction inputted through the terminal apparatus. However, Takahashi discloses fingerprint information reading means with fingerprint information acquired by the terminal apparatus (FIG. 1, [0044], lines 8-13); Permitting the operation

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in response to the operation instruction inputted through the terminal apparatus ([0061], lines 9-13).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Naofumi by including a method for reading fingerprint information by terminal apparatus as taught by Takahashi in order to "prevent the loss, stain, and information leakage of print results when the operator does not collect the print results immediately (Takahashi, [0002], lines 13-18)". Furthermore, one would be motivated to do so in order to maintain the security of the transferred data over the communication network, which could be intercepted by any unauthorized user to view.

10. As to claim 2, Naofumi discloses wherein when collation by said fingerprint information collating means results in a match ([0028], lines 1-4), said operation permitting means permits the operation of said scanner ([0028], lines 4-7 and [0029]). Naofumi doesn't explicitly disclose permitting the operation in response to the operation instruction inputted through the terminal apparatus. However Takahashi discloses permitting the operation in response to the operation instruction inputted through the terminal apparatus ([0061], lines 9-13).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Naofumi by including a method for inputting the operation instruction through the terminal apparatus as taught by Takahashi in order to "prevent the loss, stain, and information leakage of print results when the operator

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does not collect the print results immediately (Takahashi, [0002], lines 13-18)". Furthermore, one would be motivated to do so in order to maintain the security of the transferred data over the communication network, which could be intercepted by any unauthorized user to view.

- 11. As to claims 3 and 8, Naofumi discloses the image processing system wherein said scanner comprises: document image reading means for reading document image before receiving said operation instruction ([0019], lines 1-2); associated information generating means for generating associated information in which the document image information read by said document image reading means ([0019], 1-2) and the fingerprint information read by said first fingerprint information reading means are associated with each other ([0019], lines 1-4); and associated information storing means connected to said scanner in a manner permitting communications so as to store the associated information generated by said associated information generating means is further included ([0020], [0021] and [0019], lines 2-4).
- 12. As to claims 4 and 9, Naofumi discloses the image processing system wherein a server provided with said associated information storing means is connected to said scanner ([0008], lines 2-4 and [0033], lines 5-7) and said terminal apparatus in a manner permitting communications ([0021]).
- 13. As to claims 5, 10 and 13, Naofumi discloses the image processing system wherein either said scanner or said terminal apparatus comprises: associated fingerprint information collating means for collating the fingerprint information stored in said first

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fingerprint information storing means with the fingerprint information contained in said associated information of the past time ([0022], lines 1-5); and operation inhibiting means for inhibiting the operation of said scanner when the collation by said associated image information collating means matches and the collation by said associated fingerprint information collating means does not match ([0028], lines 1-6).

Naofumi doesn't explicitly disclose associated image information collating means for collating the document image information read by said document image reading means with the image information contained in said associated information of a past time. However, Takahashi discloses associated image information collating means for collating the document image information read by said document image reading means with the image information contained in said associated information of a past time (FIG. 3, step B5, [0049], lines 10-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Naofumi by including a method for associating document image information of a past time as taught by Takahashi in order to "prevent the loss, stain, and information leakage of print results when the operator does not collect the print results immediately (Takahashi, [0002], lines 13-18)". Furthermore, one would be motivated to do so in order to maintain the security of the transferred data over the communication network, which could be intercepted by any unauthorized user to view.

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14. As to claims 6, 11, 14, 17 and 20, Naofumi discloses the image processing system wherein said scanner and/or said terminal apparatus comprises associated information reading operation of image by said scanner is completed or when a predetermined time has elapsed before reading operation of image by said scanner completed ([0031]).

Naofumi doesn't explicitly disclose deleting associated information when reading operation completed or when a predetermined time has elapsed before reading operation of image completed. However, Takahashi discloses deleting associated information when reading operation completed or when a predetermined time has elapsed before reading operation of image completed (FIG. 3, steps B7-B8, [0049], lines 17-18).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Naofumi by including a method for deleting associated information when reading operation completed as taught by Takahashi in order to "prevent the loss, stain, and information leakage of print results when the operator does not collect the print results immediately (Takahashi, [0002], lines 13-18)". Furthermore, one would be motivated to do so in order to maintain the security of the transferred data over the communication network, which could be intercepted by any unauthorized user to view.

15. As to claims 7, 12, 15, 18 and 21, Naofumi discloses the image processing system wherein when a document is removed before the reading operation of the image

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by said scanner is completed, said associated information deleting means does not delete the associated information generated for the removed document ([0031], which describes a checking is done whether the transfer of all images was completed and if not completed returns to complete the transfer).

Response to Arguments

16. Applicant's arguments filed April 03, 2007, have been fully considered but they are not fully persuasive.

Regarding claim 19, Applicant argues in page 2, "according to the '192 publication, the user's fingerprints are stored in the server 3 in advance of scanning, which doesn't not correspond to "temporarily storing the fingerprint information" as claimed."

Examiner maintains that the Japanese Publication 2001-045192 (hereinafter "Naofumi") teaches the limitation "temporarily storing the fingerprint information" ("..fingerprint read station 14a for reading a user's fingerprint pattern. RAM13 stores temporarily user information" —e.g. [0019], See Official translated copy). Naofumi teaches the limitation by reading user's fingerprint pattern and by storing temporarily in RAM13.

Regarding claim 1 and 16, Applicant argues that "the proposed combination of the '192 publication in view of Takashashi, even if the '192 publication was modified by Takahashi, the proposed combination would not teach or suggest "temporarily storing the fingerprint information" in both the scanner and a terminal apparatus as claimed."

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Examiner maintains that Naofumi teaches, "temporarily storing the fingerprint information" in scanner ([0019]). Furthermore, Takahashi teaches, "temporarily storing the fingerprint information" in a terminal apparatus ([0044], which describes the personal computer converts the fingerprint pattern into fingerprint authentication data and creates print data and sends to print memory. This fingerprint data is not stored in the personal computer (i.e. terminal). Moreover, data is temporarily stored and deleted from memory of print terminal once job is completed. —e.g. see [0049]).

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., "..the user's fingerprint information that is simultaneously read by both (1) a terminal apparatus, and (2) a scanner") are not recited in the rejected claim(s) 1, 16 and 19. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Conclusion

17. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Suman Debnath whose telephone number is 571 270 1256. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 am to 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Y. Vu can be reached on 571 272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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